CAPSULE SUMMARY
BA-1819
Howard Poe House
141 Church Lane
Cockeysville, Baltimore County
Circa 1900
Private

Constructed circa 1900, the Howard Poe House is representative of the few single-family dwellings remaining along the Church Lane corridor in the small community of Texas. The house was constructed at 141 Church Lane at the height of the town's prosperity as a center for limestone quarrying and industrial development and was most likely built to accommodate workers in the local industry.

The vernacular Howard Poe House is a two-story, two-bay wide dwelling with modest Queen Anne style ornamentation located at 141 Church Lane. The single-pile, rectangular house fronts north and has a two-story, two-bay-deep ell with a shed roof that extends to the south flush with the east elevation. An interior end stretcher bond brick chimney rises from the west side of the main block, while an exterior chimney bisects the south elevation of the ell. The house features a solid random rubble stone foundation, side gable roof clad in asphalt shingles and asbestos shingle cladding. A single sash-and-paneled single-leaf wood door and three 6/6 windows, all of which have square-edged wood surrounds and sills, pierce the façade, or north elevation. A two-bay wide porch with shed roof supported by square wood posts shelters the first story of the façade. The porch is ornamented with scroll-sawn wood corner brackets and a solid asbestos shingle-clad balustrade. A one-bay square porch with a shed roof supported by square wood posts projects from the south elevation of the ell. A gravel driveway borders the east, south, and west sides of the property.

Inventory No. BA-1819

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

1. Name of I	Property	(indicate preferred na	ame)				
historic							
other	Howard Poe He	ouse					
2. Location							
street and number	141 Church La	ne				not for	publication
city, town	Cockeysville					_ vicinity	
county	Baltimore Cour	nty					
3. Owner of	Property	(give names and mailing a	addresses of a	ll owners)		-
name	Walter L. Brew	ver, Jr. and Jane M. Brewer					
street and number	212 Morris Ave	enue			telephone	Not Ava	ilable
city, town	Lutherville-Tin	nonium	state MD		zip code	21093	
Contri Contri Detern Detern Recor	ibuting Resource ibuting Resource imined Eligible for mined Ineligible for ded by HABS/HA ic Structure Repo	f Additional Data in National Register District in Local Historic District the National Register/Maryland or the National Register/Maryla ER rt or Research Report at MHT	d Register				
6. Classifica	ntion						
Category district X_building(s) structuresiteobject	Ownership publicX_privateboth	funerary _ government _ health care _	landscape recreation religion social transporta work in pr unknown vacant/no	n/culture ation rogress		ng Nor	ncontributing buildings sites structure objects Total ting Resources the Inventory

7. Description		Inventory No. BA-1819
Condition		
excellent good fair	X deteriorated ruins altered	

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Constructed circa 1900, the vernacular Howard Poe House is a two-story, two-bay wide dwelling with modest Queen Anne style ornamentation located at 141 Church Lane. The single-pile, rectangular house fronts north and has a two-story, two-bay-deep ell with a shed roof that extends to the south flush with the east elevation. An interior end stretcher bond brick chimney rises from the west side of the main block, while an exterior chimney bisects the south elevation of the ell. The house features a solid random rubble stone foundation, side gable roof clad in asphalt shingles and asbestos shingle cladding. A single sash-and-paneled single-leaf wood door and three 6/6 windows, all of which have square-edged wood surrounds and sills, pierce the façade, or north elevation. A two-bay wide porch with shed roof supported by square wood posts shelters the first story of the façade. The porch is ornamented with scroll-sawn wood corner brackets and a solid asbestos shingle-clad balustrade. A one-bay square porch with a shed roof supported by square wood posts projects from the south elevation of the ell. A gravel driveway borders the east, south, and west sides of the property.

8. Signific	ance			Inventory No. BA-1819
Period	Areas of Significance	Check and j	ustify below	
1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 1900-1999 2000-	agriculture archeology X architecture art commerce communications community planning conservation	 economics education engineering entertainment/ recreation ethnic heritage exploration/ settlement 	health/medicine industry invention landscape archit law literature maritime history military	science social history
Specific dates	circa 1900		Architect/Builder	Unknown
Construction da	ates circa 1900			
Evaluation for:				
8	National Register	N	laryland Register	Xnot evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

Constructed circa 1900, the Howard Poe House is representative of the few single-family dwellings remaining along the Church Lane corridor in the small community of Texas. The house was constructed at the height of the town's prosperity as a center for limestone quarrying and industrial development and was most likely built to accommodate workers in the local industry.

Settled as early as 1801 by John Clark, the community now known as Texas, Maryland, was originally referred to as Clark's Switch. Over the next decades, the numerous quarries and mining opportunities surrounding the area drew many people to the settlement at Clark's Switch, which was soon known as Clarksville, and then as Ellengowan. Throughout the 19th century, Texas was well known as a center for limestone quarries.

The quarrying of Texas limestone for commercial investment began in 1804. The availability of this resource meant prosperity not only for local builders, but also for local farmers, for a large amount of Texas limestone was burned to produce lime for the conditioning of soil. From 1804 until 1840, the quarrying of limestone around Texas increased dramatically, resulting in a total of roughly 50 limestone kilns in operation during the last half of the 19th century. In 1877 alone, there were no fewer than 42 lime kilns in or near the center of Texas, most of which were situated along the Northern Central Railway near the town's railroad station. This latter fact is probably due to the ease with which the final product could be shipped out of Texas for distribution and sale to other parts of the county.²

By the mid-19th century, the community was officially known as Texas. Its change in name was apparently spurred by a nationalistic fervor that overtook the area during the Mexican-American War.³ The industrial

¹ The Heritage Committee of the Greater Timonium American Bicentennial Committee, Inc., *The Limestone Valley* (Timonium, MD: The Greater Timonium American Bicentennial Committee, Inc., 1976), p. 31.

² The Heritage Committee of the Greater Timonium American Bicentennial Committee, Inc., *The Limestone Valley* (Timonium, MD: The Greater Timonium American Bicentennial Committee, Inc., 1976), p. 129; see also *Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland* (Philadelphia: G. M. Hopkins, 1877), p. 47.

³ J.C. Sidney, Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys (Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850), n.p; see also John McGrain, From Pig Iron to Cotton Duck: A History of Manufacturing Villages in Baltimore County (Towson, MD: Baltimore County Public Library, 1985), p. 324, and The Heritage Committee of the Greater Timonium American

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. BA-1819

Name Howard Poe House, 141 Church Lane, Cockeysville, Baltimore County Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 2

opportunity in the town led to an increasing population in Texas. In 1881, the town's population had reached 649, nearly two and one-half times that of Cockeysville, which was located only one mile to the north. Although no employment statistics exist for this time period, it is probable that the local quarries or kilns employed the majority of the residents of Texas. With increasing interests in the quarrying of limestone and its location along the Northern Central Railway, Texas then needed to accommodate the needs of its citizens. In 1852, St. Joseph's Catholic Church was founded. To meet the educational needs of children in the town, a schoolhouse was erected prior to 1877 along Beaver Dam Road. In addition, the Baltimore County Poor House was built in 1873 just east of Texas and York Road.

The residential population of Texas lived primarily along the Church Lane corridor, perpendicular to the Northern Central Railway line through the town. Even with its strong economic growth from the 1860s through the 1880s, the citizens of Texas occupied only a small geographic area around the thriving commercial center of the railroad station. Although a few of the more wealthy citizens of the town had larger, more rural properties along other improved and unimproved roads that encircled the town, the vast majority of residential structures were built at the heart of the town.⁵

By the early 20th century, the community increased its density without expanding its borders. The town continued to thrive along Church Lane. It was at this point in the history of Texas that the Howard Poe House was constructed. With increased commercial development to the north of Baltimore City in the mid- and late 20th century, however, the population and building stock of Texas has begun a decline. The removal of the grade crossing along Church Lane now prevents passage from York Road through to Beaver Dam Road, and the residential community has been effectively cut off from the surrounding area. Additionally, an increasing number of properties have been purchased and developed by quarry interests, and much of the 19th and early 20th century residential buildings have been demolished.⁶

Bicentennial Committee, Inc., *The Limestone Valley* (Timonium, MD: The Greater Timonium American Bicentennial Committee, Inc., 1976), p. 31.

⁴ J. Thomas Scharf, *History of Baltimore City and County from the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of their Representative Men* (Philadelphia: Louis H. Everts, 1881), p. 882.

⁵ Atlas of Baltimore County (Philadelphia: G. M. Hopkins, 1877), p.47.

⁶ Map of Baltimore County (Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915), n.p.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. BA-1819

Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland. Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877.

Baltimore County Historic Inventory

Heritage Committee of the Greater Timonium American Bicentennial Committee, Inc., *The Limestone Valley*. Timonium, MD: The Greater Timonium American Bicentennial Committee, Inc., 1976.

Map of Baltimore County. Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915.

McGrain, John. From Pig Iron to Cotton Duck: A History of Manufacturing Villages in Baltimore County. Towson, MD: Baltimore County Public Library, 1985.

Scharf, Thomas J. History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men. Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA.

Sidney, J. C. Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys. Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property _	.2 Acres	_	
Acreage of historical setting	Unknown		
Quadrangle name	Cockeysville	Quadrangle scale:	1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

Since circa 1900, the Howard Poe House has been associated with the .237 acres known as tax parcel 236 of map 51 located in the Baltimore County Tax Assessor's office.

11. Form Prepared by

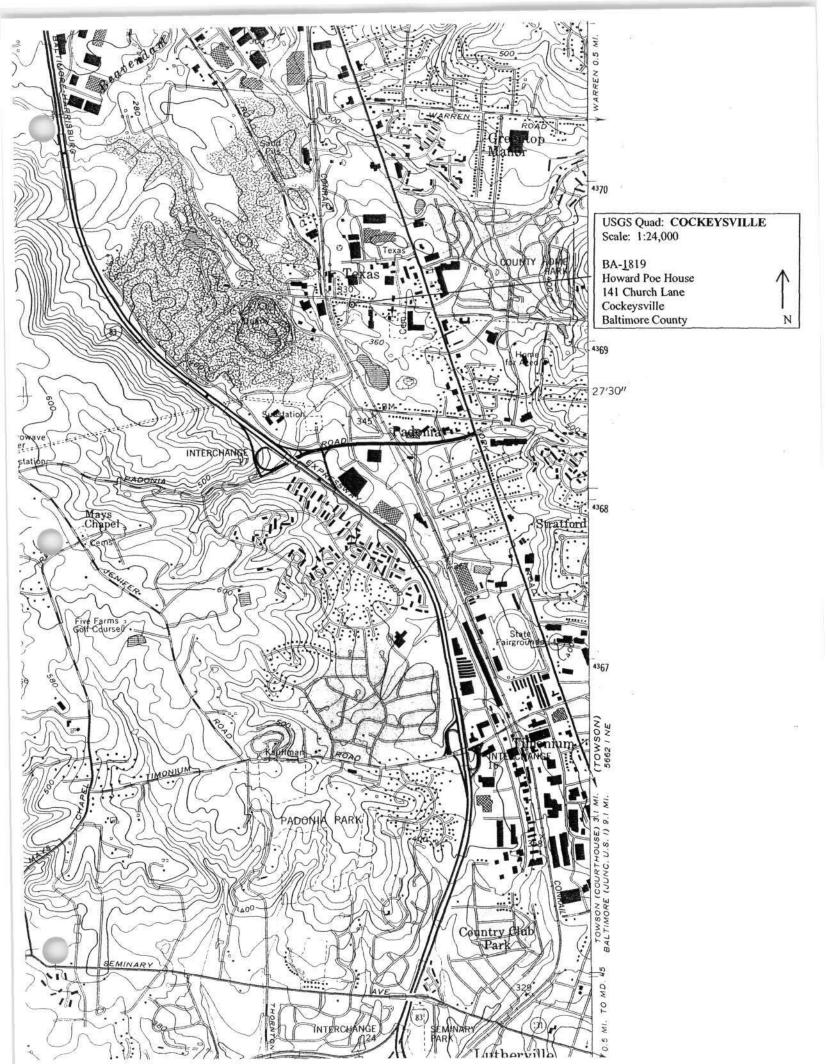
name/title	A. McDonald and A. Didden, Architectural Historians		
organization	EHT Traceries, Incorporated	date	April 25, 2001
street & number	1121 5th Street NW	telephone	202.393.1199
city or town	Washington	state	DC

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust DHCD/DHCP 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 410-514-7600





141 CHURCH LANE, COCKEYSVILLE BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND TRACERIES 4/2001 MDSHPO NORTHWEST CORNER, CAMERA FACING SOUTHEAST

BA-1819

HOWARD POE HOUSE



BA-1819 HOWARD POE HOUSE 141 CHURCH LAME, COCKEYSUILLE BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND TRACERIES 4/2001 MD SHPO SOUTHEAST CORNER, CAMERA EACING NORTHWEST

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

NAME			
INVIATE			
HISTORIC			
AND/OR COMMON	<u> </u>		7
LOCATION	I		
STREET & NUMBER			
STREET & NUMBER	141 Church Lane		
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
Texas		VICINITY OF	2
STATE			COUNTY
Mary	land	altimore County	
CLASSIFIC			8
CLYSSILIC	ATION		
04750000			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE
XDISTRICT	X_PUBLIC	X.OCCUPIED	AGRICULTUREMUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIALPARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL X_PRIVATE RESIDI
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENTRELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENTSCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	_YES: UNRESTRICTED	_INDUSTRIAL _TRANSPORTATI
		_NO	MILITARYOTHER:
Tin I was	FPROPERTY		
Tin I was	F PROPERTY s E Freeland	Т	elephone #:
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NAME Jame	10 1000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	T VICINITY OF	
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NAME Jame STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN	10 1000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	VICINITY OF RIPTION	STATE, zip code
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NAME Jame STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	VICINITY OF RIPTION	STATE, zip code
NAME Jame STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN LOCATION COURTHOUSE.	OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION I	STATE, zip code
NAME Jame STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN LOCATION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	OF LEGAL DESCR	VICINITY OF RIPTION INTERPORT OF THE PROPERTY COURT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	STATE, zip code
NAME Jame STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN LOCATION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,I STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN	OF LEGAL DESCR Baltimore Cour Courthouse S	RIPTION Inty Courthouse Square Mary	STATE, Zip code Liber #:639 Folio #: 93
NAME Jame STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN LOCATION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,I STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN	OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION Inty Courthouse Square Mary	STATE, Zip code Liber #:639 Folio #: 93
NAME Jame STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN LOCATION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,I STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN	OF LEGAL DESCR Baltimore Cour Courthouse S	RIPTION Inty Courthouse Square Mary	STATE, Zip code Liber #:639 Folio #: 93
NAME Jame STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN LOCATION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,I STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN REPRESEN	OF LEGAL DESCR Baltimore Cour Courthouse S	VICINITY OF RIPTION Inty Courthouse Square Mary ING SURVEYS	STATE, Zip code Liber #:639 Folio #: 93
NAME Jame STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN LOCATION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,I STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN REPRESEN TITLE DATE	OF LEGAL DESCR Baltimore Cour Courthouse S	VICINITY OF RIPTION Inty Courthouse Square Mary ING SURVEYS	STATE, Zip code Liber #:639 Folio #: 93
NAME Jame STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN LOCATION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, I STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN REPRESEN TITLE	OF LEGAL DESCR Baltimore Cour Courthouse S	VICINITY OF RIPTION Inty Courthouse Square Mary ING SURVEYS	STATE, Zip code Liber #:639 Folio #: 93

EXCELLENT

X _GOOD

_FAIR

CONDITION

DETERIORATED

_UNEXPOSED

_RUINS

X_UNALTERED _ALTERED

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

X ORIGINAL SITE

_MOVED

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The two storey house with a sone foundation house at 141 Church Lane has a low pitched gable roof and the exterior walls are covered with beige shingles. The house consists of a main block and a wing which is located at the south side of the house. The wing has a shed roof. The house has two chimneys, one at the west gable and other to the center of the shed roof porch of the wing of the south facade. On the north facade there is a shed roofed porch which stands upon brick piers. The porch is supported by 3 wood posts with decorative brackets at the top of the post. The front door is wood and has glass sidelights, and is located in the east bay of the north facade of the first storey of the house. There is a 6/6 light window to the west lofethe front door of this side. There are two 6/6 light windows in the east and west bays of the north facade located in the second storey and both are encased in wood.

The west facade has no windows in its main block. The wing of this facade has two 6/6 light double hung windows in the north and south bays. The south facade of the main block has a 6/6 light window in the east bay of both first and second stories. A cellar door is located in the ground at the west corner fo the south facade of the main block

The east facade of the house has two 4/4 light double hung window in the north bay of each storey. The wing of this facade has one 4/4 light window in the south bay of the first storey and there are two 4/4 light windows in the north and south bays of the second storey.

There are two outbuildings located on the property. One is a small brick structure with a low pitched gable roof that is possibly used for storage and a little wood structure that appears to be a doll's house. It appears to be composed of log but it is possible that it is simply an item from the toy department at Sears made to look like a little log cabin.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

ERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699 1700-1799	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATIONENGINEERING	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER
X _1900-	COMMERCECOMMUNICATIONS	_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENTINDUSTRY	PHILOSOPHYPOLITICS/GOVERNMENT	TRANSPORTATION
		_INVENTION	community	streetscape

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

141 Church Lane is typical of late 19th century or early 20th century vernacular architecture, using natural materials such as stone from area quarries.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Various Land Record Libers in the Baltimore County Courthouse

- 4		
- 20		
40		
- 100		
- ч		
- 3		γ.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY

Being for the second at the northeast corner of the above lot where

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

COUNTY

STATE

COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Mary Sue Greisman

Dec.13,1978

ORGANIZATION

DATE

STREET & NUMBER

Goucher College

821-9322HONE

CITY OR TOWN

Towson Maryland

STATE

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO:

Maryland Historical Trust The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

PS- 1108

beginning is at a point on the south side of the road leading from the village of Texas to the York road at the distance of 70 feet south 79 degrees east from a stone planted on the south side of said road hence running with and binding on the south side of said road south 79 degrees east 34 feet and 5 inches to intersect the northwest corner of the lot leased by John P Clark to Edward Fitzgerald thence running with and binding on the west side of said lot south 12 degrees and 15 minutes west 100 feet thence north 79 degrees west 34 feet and 5 inches to intersect the southeast corner of lot leased by John P Clark to Kenney thence running with and binding on the east side of the last named lot north 8 degrees east 100 feet to place of beginning.

141 Church Lane

Grantor	Grantee	Date	Liber/F	olio
Israel Berlin & wife	James S Freeland & wife	Sept.28, 1926	639/93	
Hubbard E Bartle & wife	etson Israel Berli	n June, 10, 1920	527/197	
Land was divided John P Clark & wife	i into two lots and Edward Fitzgerald		120/456	
John P Clark & wife	Patrick Kenney	Nov.1, 1871	76/86	
in the second	12 E V			a Naje
John P Clark & wife	Howard Poe	Jan.26, 1907	310/147	*

Two lots of above leased ground- together with the buildings and agreements thereupon errected made or being.

